This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the instant

application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for timing recovery in an orthogonal frequency division

multiplexing (OFDM) system, comprising the steps of:

detecting a lack of a synchronization symbol;

determining a timing offset from calculating the Average Group delay over a set of

OFDM symbols by using a phasor to estimate an average delay of a multi-carrier modulation

symbol, wherein the determining step uses the phasor to estimate the average delay of the multi-

carrier modulation symbol by computing a differential phasor between each pair of adjacent

OFDM subcarriers, removing QPSK data by rotating the differential phasor to a first quadrant,

and computing an average phasor angle;

feeding back the timing offset to a demodulator; and

adjusting the symbol timing based on the Average Group Delay fed back to the

demodulator.

2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of determining the timing

offset further comprises the step of determining a phase offset directly from the OFDM symbols

using a discriminator in a feedback loop.

3. (Cancelled) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of determining a phase offset comprises

the step of using the phasor to estimate the average delay of the multi carrier modulation symbol

by computing a differential phasor between each pair of adjacent OFDM subcarriers, removing

QPSK data by rotating the differential phasor to a first quadrant, and computing an average

phasor angle.

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4. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of adjusting the symbol comprises the step

of adjusting the symbol timing towards a target phase rotation.

(original) The method of claim 1, wherein the method further comprises the step of

maintaining symbol synchronization without ever detecting the synchronization symbol.

6. (currently amended) A method for timing recovery in an orthogonal frequency division

multiplexing (OFDM) system, comprises:

detecting a negative phase in a OFDM modulated signal or detecting a lack of a

synchronization symbol;

narrowing a search window for the synchronization symbol or determining a timing

offset from calculating an Average Group delay over a set of OFDM symbols using a phasor to

estimate an average delay of a multi-carrier modulation symbol when detecting the lack of the

synchronization symbol; and

adjust timing to an earlier arriving signal detected by a synchronization symbol recovery

detector or adjusting the symbol timing based on the Average Group Delay fed back to the

demodulator.

7. (currently amended) A method for timing recovery in an orthogonal frequency division

multiplexing (OFDM) system, comprises:

detecting a negative phase or detecting a lack of a synchronization symbol and

determining a timing offset from calculating an Average Group delay over a set of OFDM

symbols using a phasor to estimate an average delay of a multi-carrier modulation symbol;

disabling a synchronization symbol recovery algorithm; and

adjusting the phase until a non-negative phase is detected or adjusting the symbol timing

based on the Average Group Delay fed back to the demodulator when detecting the lack of the

synchronization symbol.

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8. (Currently Amended) A digital receiver unit, comprising:

a receiver;

an orthogonal frequency division multiplexing demodulator; and

a processor coupled to the receiver and the demodulator, wherein the processor is

programmed to:

detect a lack of a synchronization symbol;

determine a phase offset from a set of OFDM symbols using a phasor to

estimate an average delay of a multi-carrier modulation symbol by computing a differential

phasor between each pair of adjacent OFDM subcarriers, removing QPSK data by rotating the

differential phasor to a first quadrant, and computing an average phasor angle;

feed back the phase offset to the demodulator; and

adjust the symbol timing based on the phase offset fed back to the

demodulator.

9. (original) A digital receiver unit of claim 8, wherein the digital receiver unit further comprises

a phase detector coupled to the processor, wherein the phase detector detect the phase offset.

10. (original) The digital receiver unit of claim 8, wherein the processor is further programmed

to determine the phase offset directly from the OFDM symbols using a discriminator in a

feedback loop.

11. (Cancelled) The digital receiver unit of claim 8, wherein the processor is further

programmed to determine the phase offset using the phasor to estimate the average delay of a

multi carrier modulation symbol by computing a differential phasor between each pair of

adjacent OFDM subcarriers, removing OPSK data by rotating the differential phasor to a first

quadrant, and computing an average phasor angle.

12. (original) The digital receiver unit of claim 8, wherein the processor is further programmed

to adjusting the symbol timing towards a target phase rotation.

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13. (original) The digital receiver unit of claim 8, wherein the processor is further programmed

to maintain symbol synchronization without ever detecting the synchronization symbol and only

using the phase offset.

14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the angle of the phasor is an

estimate of the Average Group Delay and is directly proportional to the timing offset.

15. (Previously Presented) The digital receiver unit of claim 8, wherein the angle of the phasor

is an estimate of the Average Group Delay and is directly proportional to the timing offset.